G. R. S IX-51

Previous references
Mul 56 — 20 (3 142 (1-3

1922.
(Municipal)

File No 53 — 21

Serial Nos 82 & 12,

Later references
Mul 69 -- 22 (9 to 16)

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT

Serial Nos 82 & 12

Part B for March 1922

SUBJECT

Draft revised bye laws framed by the Mysore city municipal Council for the regulation of buildings in the City

To the President, City Municipal, Mysore
G O No 2 5604 & 27 3 22
Sanctions the bye laws with certain alterations

M Kharne
18/4/22

WD 1552—GPD—16,226—22-7-21

7

Memo. No. 73/Dewan's Office-GPB—1 000—10-5-20

REPLY

(*To be written on this margin*)

Office of the Dewan of Mysore.

NOTE

Dated 20th February *192* 2.

4133/21-2-22

The Honorary President, City Municipal Council, Mysore, submitted, with his letter No.49 dated the 1st October 1920, draft bye-laws for regulating the construction of buildings and other structures in modification of the existing bye-laws sanctioned in 1915 These were noted upon in the Revenue Secretariat and sent to the Government Advocate for opinion Mr Doraswami Iyer, the then Government Advocate, stated that it was preferable before these bye-laws were taken into consideration, to await the passing of the bill amending the Municipal Regulation then under consideration An ad interim reply was sent accordingly to the Chairman on 18th January 1921

2 It has been urged since that houses are being built in a most objectionable manner in the Mysore City, resulting in congestion and insanitary conditions and that as the question of promulgating the revised bye-laws is pending, the Municipal Council is quite helpless As regards the amending bill referred to by the Government Advocate, it is learnt that it has just passed the Select Committee

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3 The marginally noted papers are forwarded, with compliments, to the Third Member of Council, with a request that the whole question of the existing and the suggested bye-laws may be gone into and opinion kindly favoured as to whether it is necessary, as opined by the then Government Advocate, to postpone the consideration of the new bye-laws till the present amending bill is passed into law

1. Municipal File No.56-20 (Sls 14 & 40)
2. A Bill Further to Amend the Municipal Regulation

Secretary

25th July. 1922

It is not necessary to postpone the passing of these bye-laws till the present amending bill is passed. There is nothing in the amending bill which can affect the present bye-laws — But in fact there are many provisions in them which are not covered by the Municipal Regulation & which can therefore only be enforced by means of bye-laws Rules III (a)(b)(d)(e), rules XIV, XXI & XXXV are rules of this nature. Rules XXIII(g) and rule XXXIV are not at present municipal Rules, but will be regularised after the present amending Regulation is passed

Municipal Office

15/8

G.R.S III—3]

Routine Notes.

[To be used only for notes, requisitions, etc., not intended for permanent record.]

X 5824 1922

DEWAN'S OFFICE
MAR 15 1922

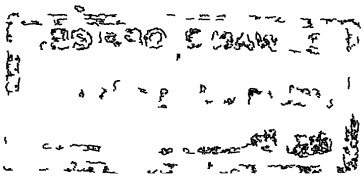
4540
21.3.22

N.B.—Should routine notes be written on small slips the notes must be copied, or slips pasted on this form

[R.S. III—3]

Routine Notes

[To be used only for notes, requisitions, etc., not intended for permanent record.]



N.B.—Should routine notes be written on small slips, the notes must be copied, or slips pasted on this form.

G R. S III-2]

General and Revenue Secretariat	ml File No. 53 of 1921.
Serial No.	
121	To The President, Calicut Municipal Council Mysore No L 5604/d 27 3 22 Approves of the Bye-laws framed by the municipal Council for the regulation of the buildings in the City with the exception to certain items referred to therein

Note—Contn. sheet.

WD 248—GPB—2,000—26.12

5

REPLY

(To be written on this margin)

Office of the Dewan of Mysore.

NOTE

Dated 27th March 1922

REVENUE SECRETARIAT
27 MAR 1922
LOCAL SELF GOVT. BRANCH

Copy of demi-official letter No 257 dated the 23rd March 1922, from the Private Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja, in regard to the draft bye-laws of the Trust Board, Mysore.

oooOooooo

Forwarded with compliments to the Revenue Secretary to Government for favour of expediting the matter and reporting progress, without delay.

The Revenue Secretary to Govt.,

with compliments

LOCAL SELF GOVT. BRANCH

DEWAN'S OFFICE
MAR 28 1922

Copy of D.O.letter No 257 dated the 23rd March 1922, from the Offg.Private Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja

°°°°°°°°°°

May I invite reference to my D.O letter No 217 dated the 15th ultimo to Sir "Kantaraja Urs in regard to the future work of the Trust Board, Mysore, and request you to take early action in the matter of according Government sanction to the draft bye-laws sent therewith? I need not re-iterate that the question is a pressing and urgent one, as without the requisite provision, the Municipality feels it impossible to prevent the irregular construction of houses in the City

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6-5-37

DEWAN OF MYSORE

D.O No 460

Bangalore,
31st March 1922.

In reply to your D.O letter No. 257 dated 23rd March 1922, regarding draft bye-laws framed by the Municipal Council of Mysore for the regulation of buildings in the City, I send herewith a copy of Government Order No. L 3604/M1. 55-21-1?1 dated 27th March 19?? approving of certain bye-laws only for reasons given in the order.

Yours sincerely,

Atin-ul-mulk

Mirza Md Ismail, B.A.,

Offg. Private Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja.

Mysore.

34501
No 88
Sec. 1

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT,
CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE.
Dated 17th February 1921.

FROM,

RAJASABHABHUSHANA DIWAN BAHADUR,
C SRIKANTESVARA AIYAR, B A, B L,
PRESIDENT, CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL,
MYSORE

To,

C. Venkata Rao, Esquire, B.A.,
Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
(Revenue Department) Bangalore.

SIR,

With reference to your letter No R 8039/LR1.56-20-40 dated 18th January 1921 suggesting that the question of amending the bye-laws for the regulation of buildings in the City may be considered after the passing of the bill for further amendment of the Municipal Regulation etc, I have the honour to state that it is since observed that the said bill has received the assent of His Highness the Maharaja in April 1921 (Vide Secretary's report in the Proceedings of the Mysore Legislative Council held on 27th and 29th June 1921.

The said bill confers additional powers on the Municipal Council not only with regard to the construction of buildings, but also deals with several other matters which have to be hereafter considered and dealt with separately in due course.

As the proposed building bye-laws which have been deferred are not in any way inconsistent with the provisions of the amended Municipal Regulation, and all formalities

relating to the introduction of such bye-laws have long before been observed, it is considered desirable that they may be introduced forthwith The existing bye-laws are very inadequate in the matter of the area to be built upon, margin to be left in front, provision for drainage, proper frontages, open space and ventilation of rooms and privies or water-closets etc , and the City is rapidly expanding on all sides and the building activity is great. Small and unsuitable bits of land are being built upon without leaving sufficient open spaces and contiguous to the existing houses and as such old City conditions are being reproduced and both the Municipality and the Trust Board are helpless to prevent such a state of affairs for want of adequate provisions in the bye-laws. It is therefore feared that any further delay in the passing of the proposed bye-laws is likely to prove highly prejudicial to the sanitary and aesthetical development of this beautiful City.

These amended bye-laws were duly published in the Mysore Gazette and the objections received were considered and the bye-laws finally approved in the Council in their meeting held on 6th September 1920 as already reported in my letter No 49 dated the 14th October 1920.

I have therefore to request that you may be so good as to move the Government in the matter and obtain their early sanction to the same

The Municipal Council will take up other needful amendments of various other bye-laws in the light of the amended Municipal Regulation presently.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

President.

MYSORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated 1st May 1920

The following draft Building Bye-laws framed by the City Municipal Council, Mysore, in exercise of the powers conferred on them under Section 48 (1) (N and P) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation and in modification of the existing bye-laws on the subject, are published for general information Any objection or suggestion with respect to these draft bye-laws may be made in writing, by any inhabitant of the Mysore City Municipality to the undersigned within one month from the date of the publication of these draft bye-laws in the *Mysore Gazette*, after the expiry of which time they will be taken into consideration together with such objections or suggestions

Draft bye-laws for regulating buildings and other structures in the City of Mysore

AMENDMENTS TO BUILDING BYE LAWS

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

The existing Bye laws for regulating buildings in the City are not very clear and adequate in regard to certain points, *viz*, area to be built on any site, margin to be left in front, provision for drainage, proper frontage, open space and ventilation of rooms and privies or waterclosets, etc Amended bye-laws as per annexture are therefore approved of by Council

The paragraphs of the existing bye laws have been re numbered, inserting the amended provisions in their proper places in square brackets

Mysore,
1st January 1920

C Srikantesvara Aiyar,
President
City Municipal Council Mysore

In supercession of the Bye-laws framed under Section 48 (1) (M&P) for the purpose of regulating Buildings and other structures in the city of Mysore and sanctioned in Government Proceedings No 475/Bnd dated the 23 July 1915 by R-125 the following draft Bye-laws are proposed for consideration

---

1 Every person, intending to erect or re erect within the meaning of Sections 92 to 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation No VII of 1906, any building in the City of Mysore, shall give notice in writing of his intention to the President.

Notice to be given to President by person intending to build

Such notice shall be accompanied with a site plan of the land on which the structure is proposed to be built, drawn to a scale of not less than 10 ft to an inch, showing—

(a) the position, [nature and use of the existing buildings thereon, if any, and] of the building and appurtenant out buildings to be erected on the land,

(b) the area to be occupied by the building and out buildings on the land,

(c) the names (if any) or description of the adjacent roads or streets bridges, culverts or buildings, and

(d) the number of the lot and the name or number of the block and street or road in which the land is situated

II The plans required to be produced under Section 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation shall be in duplicate and drawn to a scale of not less than 10 ft. to an inch

Plan to be in duplicate

It shall show in sections and elevations the plan of the ground floor and of each other floor, if any, the depth and thickness of the foundation, the height and thickness of the plinth and walls above the plinth, the thickness of the floor or floors and the dimensions and structure of the roof

The aforesaid plan shall further show the position of the line of frontage of the proposed building with reference to the adjacent side-drain of the street or road which the building faces or, if there be no such side-drain, with reference to the central line of the street or road

Provided, that in the case of buildings of which the value will be less than Rs 500, it shall be sufficient for the site plan to show, to the satisfaction of the President, without scale, the size of the proposed building and its position on the land, together with the position of the land with reference to adjacent buildings or lands

[If the party so desires the Municipal Draughtsman will be ordered to prepare the necessary plan to the public on a payment in advance, of ¼ per cent on the estimated cost of the building]

The license and the plan shall always be avilable on the spot for inspection by Municipal authorities

III No piece of land shall be used as a site for the erection of a building intended for human occupation, unless

The Regulation of the site

[(a) if the building is to abut a street unless the site is of such a shape that the building can be made parallel to the line of the street,]

[(b) if the site is on tanks or nallas filled up with or used for depositing rubbish offensive matter or sewage, unless such site has been certified by the President as fit to be built upon]

(c) if the site is one which has been filled up with or used as a place for depositing excrementitious matter or carcases of dead animals or other filthy, or offensive matter, until such matter shall have been properly removed to the satisfaction of the President or shall in his opinion have become innocuous,

[(d) unless the site is certified by the Health Officer to be dry and well drained or capable of being well drained,]

[(e) if the site is on a lower level than will allow its drainage to be led into some existing or projected sewer]

[IV Buildmig not to be erected on a Municipal drain — No building shall be erected over a Municipal drain]

V Pits not to be excavated in building sites — No pits shall be excavated in the sites allotted for building dwelling houses

VI Building sites not to be surrounded by lantana etc — No building site shall be surrounded by a hedge of lantana, aloe, prickly pear or other objectionable plant, or by a fence of barbed iron wire

VII Margin to be left between house and side drain — No new building shall be erected by any person the foundation of the wall of which along the road, [street or lane] is less than 1½ feet from the side drain, [but it shall be competent to the President of the Municipal Council to require a margin of land to any width not exceeding 3 feet in cases in which he considers the same necessary In such cases, a reasonable compensation shall be paid for any excess of land over 1½ feet width drain margin]

[VIII Level of Plinth to be built with a plinth above top of side drain — Every person who shall erect a new domestic building shall cause the same to be built with a plinth not below 1½ feet above the general level of the ground around, and 1½ ft]

IX Footings of the walls of buildings to rest on solid grounds — The footings of the walls and the posts of the ground floor of the building proposed to be erected should rest on solid ground or upon a sufficient thickness of concrete, or upon some solid and sufficient substructure as a foundation

Provided that, where solid rock is met with, at or near the surface of the site of such building, i e within 3 ft of the level of the base of the wall, the footings may be omitted if the surface of the rock be properly cleaned and stepped or agged to receive the first course of masonry

X Eaves not to project beyond street drain — The eaves of the buildings, sunshades to windows, water spouts to drain roof water shall not proceet beyond the side street drain adjoining the house and the spouts shall be led down to the ground

XI Steps not to project beyond outer edge of side drain — The steps to get up the plinth from the road shall not project beyond the outer edge, [i e, the edge towards the house side of the drain]

XII Sun-shades not to be erected beyond outer-edge of the side drain — No sun shades for shops either temporary or permanent shall be erected beyond the outer edge [i e, the edge towards the house side of the drain]

XIII Frontage — Every house shall have a decent frontage [in keeping with the surroundings] and no perishable or inflammable materials shall be used for construction

XIV Area of site built upon

As a rule, on all sites measuring 100 × 100 or more, no more than ½ the site shall be built upon In all other cases, no more than ⅔rds of the site shall be built upon In the case of sites and house abutting upon the roads hereunder specified the President may in his discretion allow a larger extent than ½ or ⅔ rds to be built upon Houses shall not ordinarily be built contiguous to each other, except when the breadth of the site is less than 40 ft Wherever practicable, a minimum clear space as fixed by the President shall be left between every two houses The minimum in no case shall be less than 6 wide

(a) Santhepet from Devaraj Market to Junction of Ramavilas road and Santhepet roads

(b) Elwal road from near Wesleyan Mission Boy s School to Nallappana Tanna

(c) Doddapetta from its commencement at the Clock Tower Square to the Old Body Guard Lines

(d) Kalamma Temple road from its junction with the City Magistrate s Court road to junction with Bara Imam road

(e) Benki Nawab road from its junction with Noorulli Shah Makan road to junction with the Bara Imam road

(f) Ragi Mandi street from its junction with Benki Nawab road to Doddapetta

(g) Dodda Angadi street from the point where it crosses the Benne Hardanahalli Feeder channel to Gouliger bedi chowk and from thereon to its junction with Hosakeri road

XV Height of building

In the case of all new buildings to be erected subsequent to the passing of these Bye laws the height of the building (measured at the highest point of the roof) which abuts a road street or lane measuring not less than 12 ft wide, shall not as a rule be more than the width of the road, street or lane on which it abuts In cases where the width of the road, street, or lane is 12 ft or less no storeyed building or buildings exceeding 12 ft, in height, measured at the highest point of the roof, shall be allowed

If any owner leaves an open space in front of his house, the open space may be deemed a part of the road, street or lane for the purpose of determining the height

XVI Depth of building in proportion to its frontage

The depth of the building shall not be greater than double the frontage subject to a maximum of 45 unless the President deems it fit to allow a greater depth, in the Extensions in the case of detached buildings

XVII Open space around dwelling houses

(1) Every person who shall erect a new dwelling house shall so construct such dwelling house, at the whole or at least one side of every room thereof intended to be inhabited shall either be an external wall abutting on the open air, or abut an interior open space having an area equal to not less than 1/10th of aggregate floor area of all the rooms abutting thereon, and being not less in any direction than 8 feet across

(2) He shall provid between at least two of the external walls and the boundary line of the owner s premises, except where either of such walls faces a street of not less than 15 feet in width, an open space extending throughout the entire length of such wall at least 6 feet wide He shall cause every interior open space required by this bye law to be constructed and kept free from any erection thereon and open to the sky and no cornice, roof, or weather shade shall project or overhang the said open space more than one foot six inches on any side thereof, provided that such connecting passages may be allowed as the President shall deem necessary such passages being open on one or both sides

Note —This bye law shall apply mainly to the Extensions of the City It may be applied to other parts of the City when the width of the site is not less than 40 feet and the President considers its application feasible

Buildings in Extensions not to be allowed on sites less than 30 feet by 50 feet

No building intended for human habitation shall be allowed in the Extensions on sites measuring less than 30 feet by 50 feet

XIX (1) Every person erecting a building shall construct every room intended to be inhabited in such building except a room in the roof thereof so that the same shall be in every part at least 8 feet in height from the floor to the ceiling

Height of rooms

(2) He shall so construct every such room in the roof of such building that the same shall have an average height of at least 7 feet from the floor to the ceiling

(3) He shall so construct every such room that the same shall have a clear superficial area of not less than 80 square feet, except when room communicates with another room by a partition wall not carried up to the roof or in such a manner that communication cannot be cut off

Superficial area of rooms

(4) He shall so construct every such room that the same shall be ventilated by means of doors or windows which open directly into the external air and have an aggregate opening equal to not less than 1/10th of the floor space

Ventilation of rooms

XX Where the staircase is inside a house and is not otherwise adequately ventilated, it shall be ventilated at the top, by means of a window or ventilator or sky light in the roof

Construction and ventilation of stair cases

XXI In the case of buildings which in the opinion of the President of the Municipal Council are likely to be damp on account of the high level of the sub soil water in the site, if the President deems it necessary damp proof courses which shall consist of stone slabs laid in cement, vitrified bricks or any other durable material impervious to moisture shall be laid between the foot of the walls of the ground floor and the top of basement which shall be above the level of the adjoining ground

Insertion of damp proof courses

XXII No shop or market place manufactory, place of public resort etc , shall be built in the midst of localities intended for residential purposes, unless three fourths of the number of owners in the block or area affected agree to the same

No shops to be built in the midst of residential localities

[For the purposes of this bye law it shall be competent to the President of the Municipal Council to determine what is a residential area and what is not]

XXIII Every householder is bound to conserve the house occupied by him and the grounds attached to the same All such premises must be provided with a suitable drain constructed in accordance with specification supplied by the President, for the drainage of the house and compound, for the removal of sullage water and sewage to the nearest existing street drain commanded by the level of the house and the grounds pertaining thereto The owner of the house is bound to construct such drains within 30 days from the date of the notice served on him by the President calling on him to construct the required drain or drains, in default, the President is competent to order the construction of the required drain or drains at the owner's risk and cost

Conservancy of the premises

XXIV No person shall construct over a privy, whether new or old, any structure of any description [In the case of water closet, a closet may be permitted over a closet, provided proper drainage arrangements prescribed by and approved of by the President are effected]

No room etc , to be constructed over a privy

XXV Every person who shall erect huts or sheds or ranges or blocks of huts or sheds whether the same are to be used as dwellings or stables or for any other purposes, shall if the President so require, build the same

Huts, sheds and ranges

(a) so that they may stand in regular lines with a free passage or way in front of and between every two lines of such width as the President may direct for ventilation and for facilitating scavenging,

(b) with such and so many privies, latrines or urinals and such means of drainage as the President may require, and

(c) at such a level as will suffice for the means of drainage required

XXVI Every place other than a water closet or bath room situated within any house, building or enclosure, and habitually used for the purpose of nature or for keeping human excreta, shall be considered to be a privy or latrine within the meaning of this bye law

Definition of Privy or Latrine

XXVII Every person who shall erect a new building shall in connection with such building, whether it be a dwelling, chatram, agraharam and tenements, etc, construct such number of water closets or privies as shall be prescribed and approved of, in each case, by the President

XXVIII A person who shall construct a new privy, whether in connection with a building or not, shall construct such privy upon such site or in such position and manner only as shall be approved of by the President Every privy shall have its floor of a material which has a smooth surface and which is impervious to water and shall have a smooth non absorbent coating of cement or of glazed tiles to a height of not less than 5 feet above the floor of such privy

Privies to be constructed on sites approved by the President

XXIX A person who shall construct a privy in connection with a building shall not, without the written permission of the President, construct such privy within a distance of 20 feet from any well, spring or stream of water used or likely to be used by man for drinking or other domestic purposes, or for manufacturing drinks for the use of man, or otherwise in such a position as to render any such water liable to pollution

Proximity of privies to water supply

XXX Every person who shall construct a privy in connection with a building shall so construct the same as to leave an external air space of not less than 4 feet in width from the building and open to the sky, surrounding such privy on every side thereof except the entrance side where any gallery or passage communicating with such privy, shall be not less than 3 feet in width, and shall be open to the external air on both sides

Air space round privies

XXXI Every person who shall construct a privy in connection with a building, shall provide such privy with a sufficient opening or with sufficient openings for ventilation to the satisfaction of the President, and such opening or openings shall be as near to the top as practicable and shall communicate directly with the external air

Ventilation of privies

XXXII Unclaimed latrine pits, sewage pumps, within the precincts and in proximity to a house shall be cleaned and filled up within two days' notice to that effect from the President, unless the President considers it necessary in any particular case or cases to extend the period

Cleaning of latrines and manure pits

XXXIII (1) In every case where a person erecting a building shall at any reasonable time, during the progress or after the completion of the erection of such building, receive from the President notice in writing specifying any matters in respect of which the erection of such building may be in contravention of any bye-law relating to new buildings and requiring such person within a reasonable time which shall be specified in such notice, to amend or alter such matters or to do such thing done or which has been omitted to be amended or done in conformity therewith as the case may be, within the time specified in such notice, comply with the several requirements thereof, in so far as such requirements relate to matters in respect of which the erection of such building may be in contravention of any such bye law

Contraventions of bye-laws to be amended

Notice of completion of amendment

(2) Such person, within a reasonable time after the completion of any work which may have been executed in accordance with any such requirement, shall deliver or send, or cause to be delivered or sent, to the President at his Office, notice in writing of the completion of such work

Notice of completion of buildings

XXXIV Every person, who shall erect a building shall, within one month after the completion of the erection of such building, deliver or send, or cause to be delivered or sent, to the President, at his office notice in writing of the completion of the erection of such building

Incomplete buildings to be completed within one year of notice and in default President to complete and recover cost or demolish

XXXV Any person who shall be given a license for erecting a new building in accordance with the aforesaid bye laws, and shall leave the same incomplete for any length of time exceeding six months shall be bound, on being served with a notice in this behalf, to finish and complete the building within a reasonable time to be fixed by the President, for completion of the same In default, the President shall be competent to take needful action under section 131 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation

Person called upon to modify or ventilate his building to do so within one month

XXXVI Any person who may be called upon by the President to modify, alter or ventilate his building with a view to improve ventilation or sanitation, shall do so within one month from the date of notice from the President calling upon him to do so, or such further period as in regard to the circumstances of the case the President may deem proper to fix

Person intending to build may apply to President for information

XXXVII If any person has any doubt or difficulty as to the true intent or meaning of any matter connected with these rules or the requirements thereof, he may before giving notice, in writing, of his intention to erect or re erect any building, apply to the President, who shall upon receipt of such application, give the said person within a week, such information as in the circumstances may be necessary

Penalties

XXXVIII Every person who shall commit any breach of any of the foregoing bye laws shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs 200/, on conviction before a Magistrate, as provided in the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Section 96 (5)

Sanction of President or delegate to be primafacie evidence for the doing or omitting of doing anything under these bye-laws

XXXIX Whenever under any of the foregoing bye laws the doing or the omitting of doing a thing or the validity of any thing depends upon sanction, permission, approval, order direction, requisition, notice or satisfaction, of the President a written document signed by the President or by any Municipal Officer to whom the President may have delegated his powers, duties or functions in that behalf, purporting to convey or set forth his sanction, permission, approval, order, direction, requisition notice or satisfaction, shall be sufficient prima facie evidence of such sanction, permission, approval, direction, requisition notice or satisfaction

XL An appeal shall lie to the Council from any order passed by the President in exercise of the powers vested in him by these bye laws such appeal shall be filed within 60 days from the date of the communication to the party of the order appealed against

N B In all cases in which under these bye laws dimensions are prescribed, the President shall have power on application being made to that effect, to permit such dimensions being modified

The Royal Press Mysore

VI–7 als

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SUBJECT

Diary No of letter replied to, 5432
5824

Section M
File No 55-21
Serial No. 121

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

Proceedings of the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore

,, the 191

Date of issue 23 3 22

Signed by Mr D. L. S.

Read— correspondence ending with letter no 88 dated the 12th Feb 1922 from the President Mysore city municipal council requesting early sanction to the draft revised bye laws framed by the municipal council for the regulation of buildings in the city

Order Thereon—No 25604
~~The terms and proposed~~
~~Bye laws mentioned~~ in para III (a) (b) (d) & (e)
XIV, XXII, XXXIII (2) XXXIV and XXXV. ~~Under~~ appear ~~cannot~~ be sanctioned ~~by the President~~ in the present form & which do not appear to have been framed upon any substantive provision of the municipal law in ~~force~~ ~~and which appear from the~~

May this be

i Printed ?

ii treated as a standing order ?

iii published in the Gazette English Part ?

iv translated ?

v placed at the disposal of the press ?

vi published in the Gazette Kannada Part ?

the draft bye laws are approved with the exception ?

19

Muslims

cows but are therefore with views

of the Hindu community. Arguments for

by-laws of type laws the

& the other type laws are

appreciated

2. The President is requested

to submit for record in

the Secretariat 2 Le copies

of the type laws as shown

above.

Sd/- 21/3/22

for Rev-Secy

Sd 21/3/22

The Present Mysore city Municipal

Municipal.

List of enclosures.

Copied by

Examined by

Sd 21/3/22

WD [illegible]—GPB 30,000 17-3 18-